

## **European Automotive Survey 2013**

Survey results



Quality In Everything We Do

### Structure of the study

- Survey of 300 companies active in the European automotive industry (15% OEMs, 85% suppliers)
- Phone interviews conducted by an independent market research institute in January 2013 (Valid Research, Bielefeld).



#### Peter Fuß

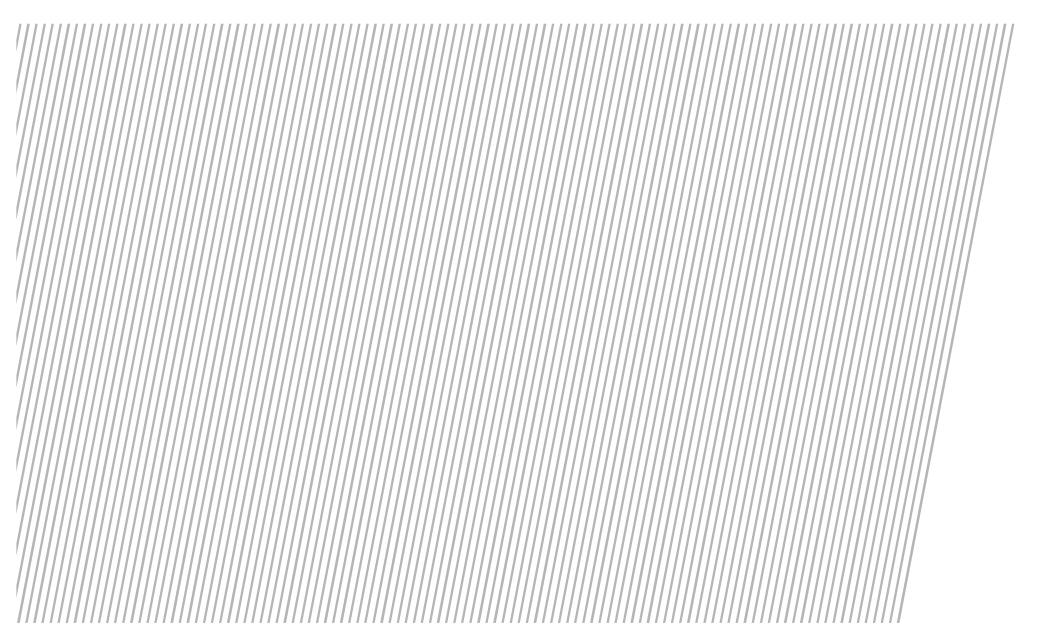
Partner/German Public Auditor/German Tax Advisor Senior Advisory Partner Automotive GSA

Ernst & Young GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft Mergenthalerallee 3-5 65760 Eschborn

Phone: + 49 (6196) 996 27412 peter.fuss@de.ey.com

Country	
Germany	75
France	60
Italy	30
Spain	30
United Kingdom	30
Russia	15
Austria	10
Czech Republic	10
Slovakia	10
Poland	10
Portugal	10
Hungary	10

### **Current and future business situation**



# OEMs significantly more satisfied than suppliers – German automotive industry doing good business

How would you assess your current business situation?\*

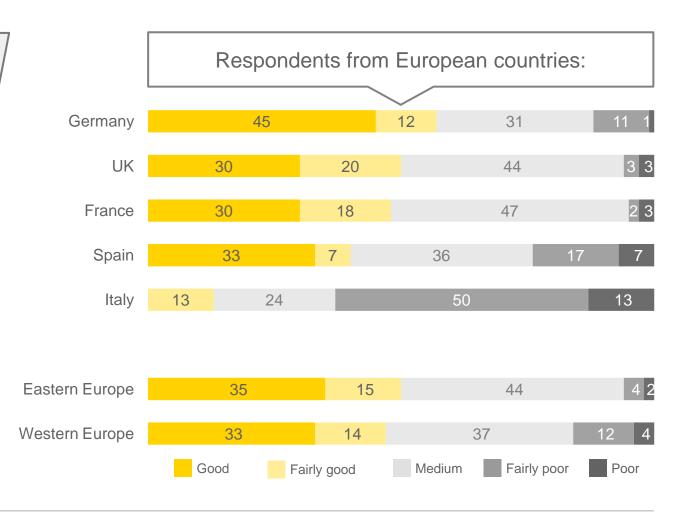


- Europe's auto industry managers are satisfied for the most part with their current business situation.
- ▶ In Europe, OEMs are on average more satisfied than suppliers: 56% of OEMs are completely satisfied with their current situation; the corresponding figure for suppliers is only 29%.

### Italy's automobile industry is in a deep crisis

#### How would you assess your current business situation?\*

- Eastern European companies are significantly more satisfied with their current business situation than western European companies.
- In Germany, the UK and France respondents report above-average satisfaction.
- The majority of companies in Italy report a poor business situation (63%).

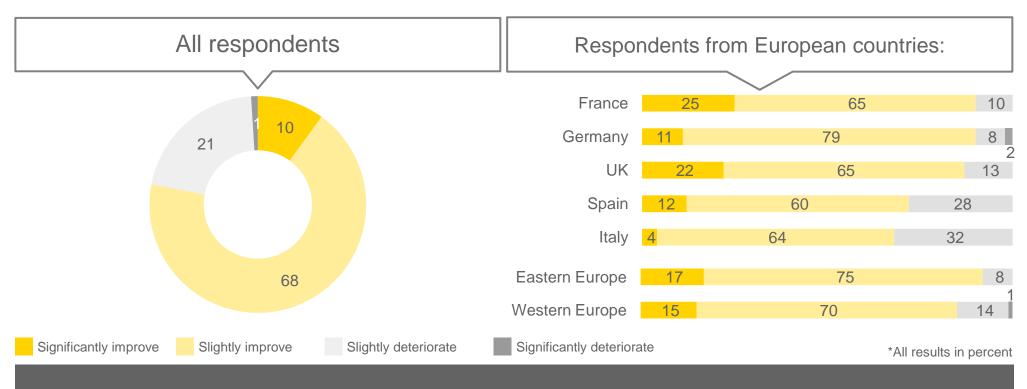




<sup>\*</sup>All results in percent

### Mainly optimistic projections

#### How will your company's business situation develop over the next six months?



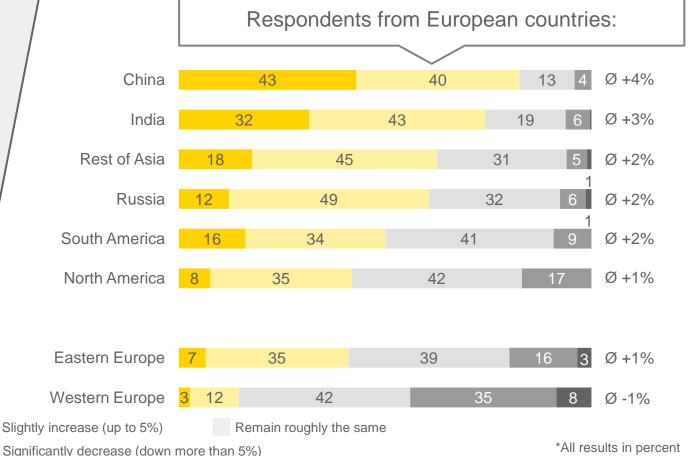
 Auto industry managers in eastern Europe, France, Germany and the UK in particular look to the future with optimism. In Italy, by contrast, every third respondent anticipates a deterioration in their own business situation.



## ...but a further decline in sales is expected in western Europe

### How will global passenger vehicle sales develop in the next 12 months in the following regions?\*

- Auto industry managers expect sales to increase in Asia in particular.
- A further decrease is forecast for western Europe. Only 15% of respondents expect sales figures to increase.
- Respondents in Germany expect the western European market to decrease by 3%.



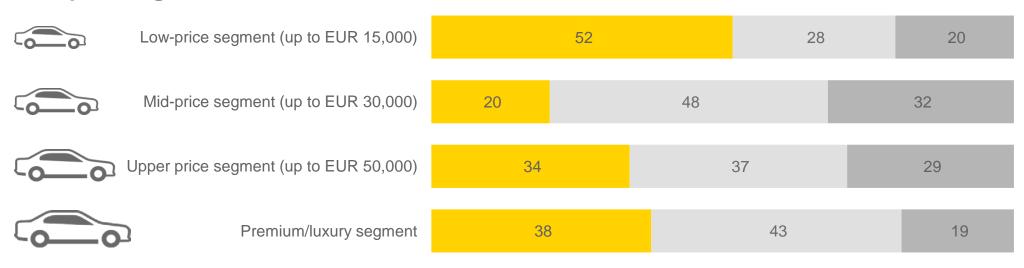
Significantly increase (more than 5%)

Slightly decrease (down no more than 5%)

Significantly decrease (down more than 5%)

# Growth only in the lowest and highest price segments

What short- and medium-term prospects do you foresee for the new passenger vehicle market?\*

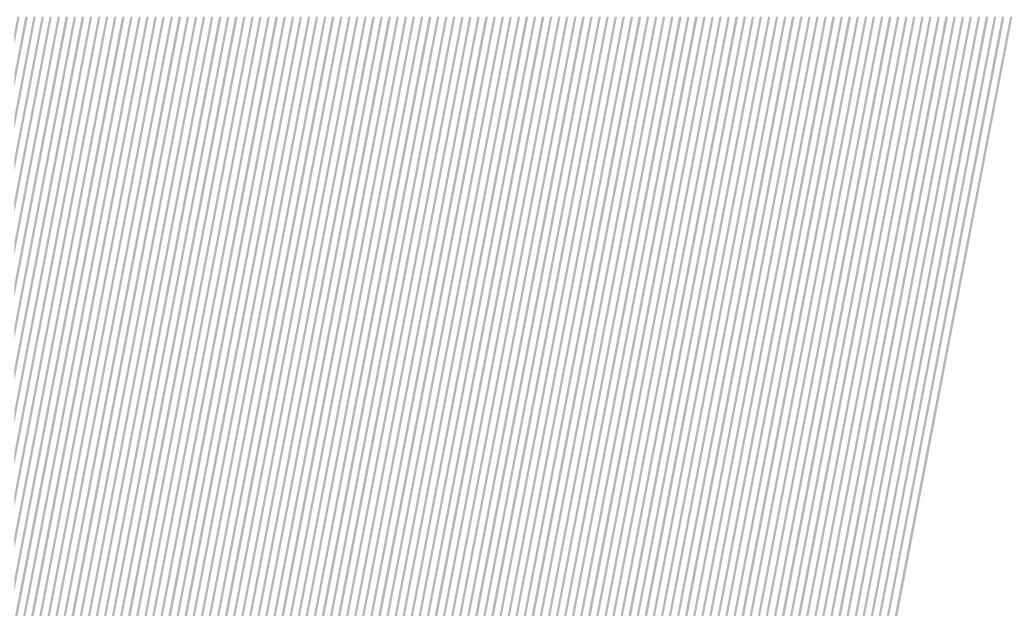




- Growth in small cars segment: 52% of respondents expect healthy growth rates in low-price segment.
- No consensus on luxury cars segment: indeed, 34% expect strong growth in this segment, while a 29% forecast stagnation or even declining sales figures.

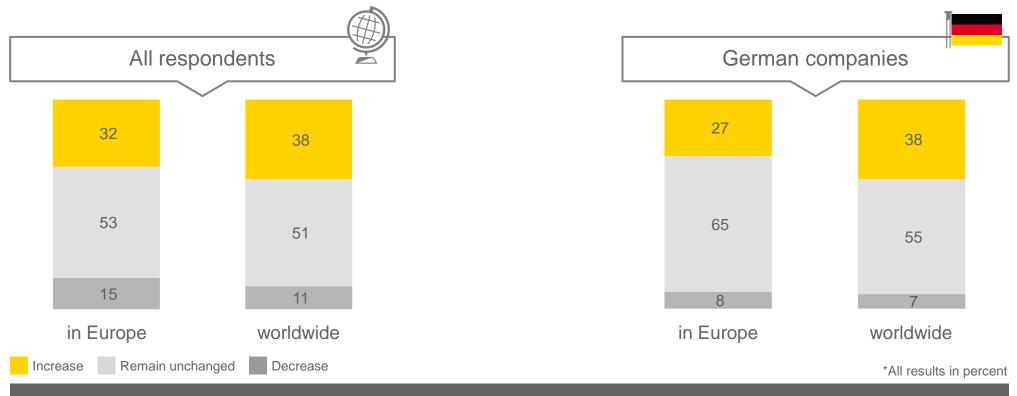


## The companies' strategic and operational planning



# Despite the crisis: production capacity also to increase in Europe

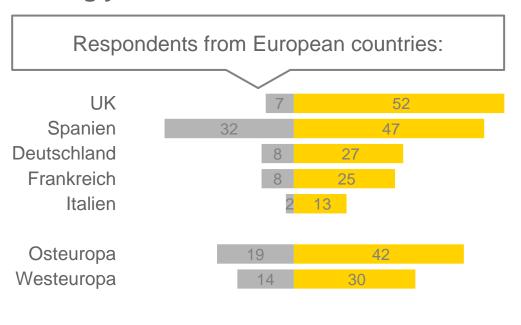
Do you expect to increase or decrease your production capacity in the coming year?\*

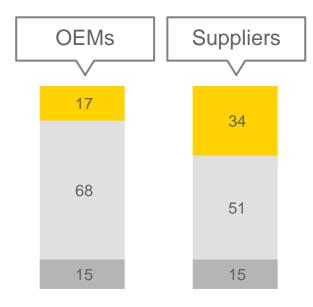


- Despite the crisis, the European companies polled intend to increase more often than reduce production capacity, not only worldwide but also in Europe.
- German companies are more cautious when it comes to increasing capacity in Europe.

# Production in Europe: OEMs are considerably more cautious than suppliers

Do you expect to increase or decrease your production capacity <u>in Europe</u> in the coming year?\*





Increase Remain unchanged Decrease

\*All results in percent

- One in three Spanish companies intends to reduce production capacity throughout Europe in 2013 by contrast, a very small percentage of British, German and French companies intend to reduce capacity.
- 42% of companies plan to step up investment in eastern Europe; in western Europe, the corresponding figure is only 30%.

# German companies intend to continue creating jobs...

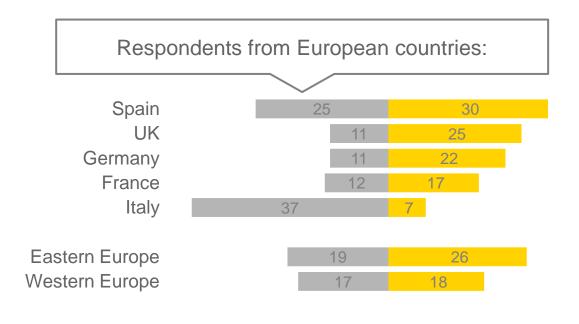
How will employment in your company develop over the next six months?

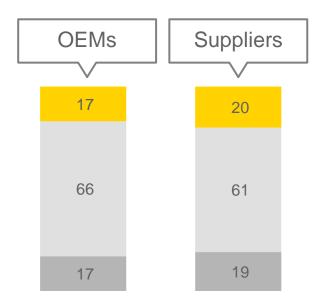


Considerably more European companies in the automobile industry intend to create jobs (28%) than to cut them (11%). In Europe, by contrast, employment is likely to stagnate at best: one in five companies intends to create jobs, and the same number plan to reduce headcount.

### ...but in Europe the labor market is stagnating

How will employment in your company in Europe develop in the coming year?\*





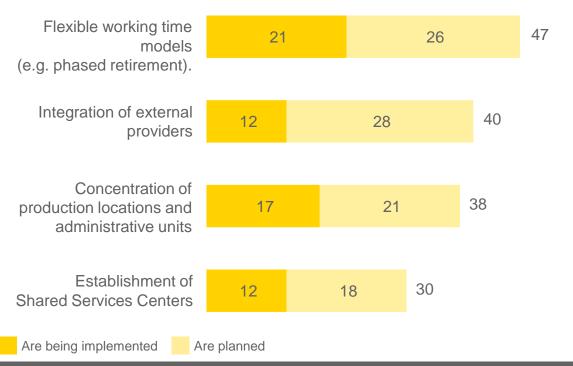
Increase Remain unchanged Decrease

\*All results in percent

- Alarm signals for Italy: In Europe, only 7% of the Italian companies polled intend to create jobs; by contrast, more than a third (37%) intend to cut jobs.
- Eastern European companies are more optimistic in their HR policy than western European companies.

### Companies opt for greater flexibility

## Are you currently planning to step up one or more of the following measures aimed at raising flexibility?\*



"Implemented" and "planned"			
	OEMs	Suppliers	
Working time models	34	49	
Integration of external providers	46	39	
Concentration of production locations	43	37	
Shared Services Center	33	29	

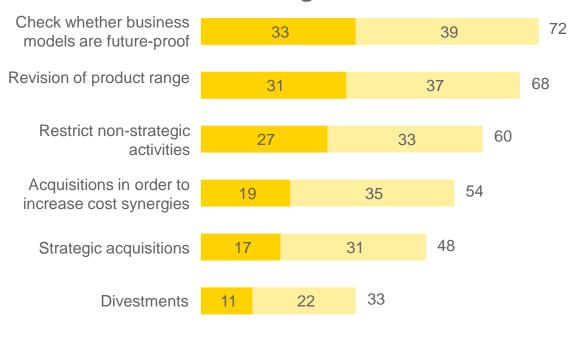
\*All results in percent

In view of the uncertain economic development, companies are taking various measures geared to increasing flexibility and efficiency. The most common measures implemented or planned are flexible working time models (47%); external providers are also increasingly being integrated (40%).



# Business models and product ranges under scrutiny

## Strategic realignment: are you currently planning one or more of the following measures?



"Implemented" and "planned"			
	OEMs	Suppliers	
Business models	68	73	
Product range	74	67	
Restrict non- strategic activities	50	61	
Acquisitions (cost synergies)	52	55	
Strategic acquisitions	46	49	
Divestments	25	34	

\*All results in percent

- In order to make themselves crisis-proof, 72% of the companies polled are reviewing whether their business models are future-proof and two thirds are giving their product range a complete makeover.
- Acquisitions for cost or strategic reasons are on the agenda at half of the companies.

Are being implemented

Are planned

# OEMs in particular are increasingly backing research and development

How will your company's investments in research and development develop in the coming year?\*



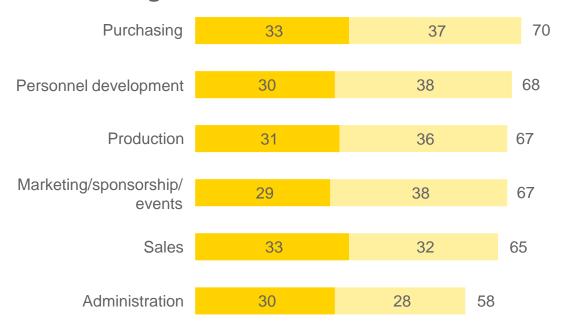
\*All results in percent

- Despite rising cost pressure, most companies do not intend to save on research.
   One in three intends to increase its R&D spend; only 7% intend to decrease these investments.
- In Germany, the companies are more willing to invest: 40% intend to increase their R&D spend.



## Focus on optimizing processes

## Are you planning to increasingly streamline processes in the following business units?



"Implemented" and "planned"			
	OEMs	Suppliers	
Purchasing	68	70	
Personnel development	68	68	
Production	68	67	
Marketing/events/ sponsorship	71	65	
Sales	73	63	
Administration	68	55	

\*All results in percent

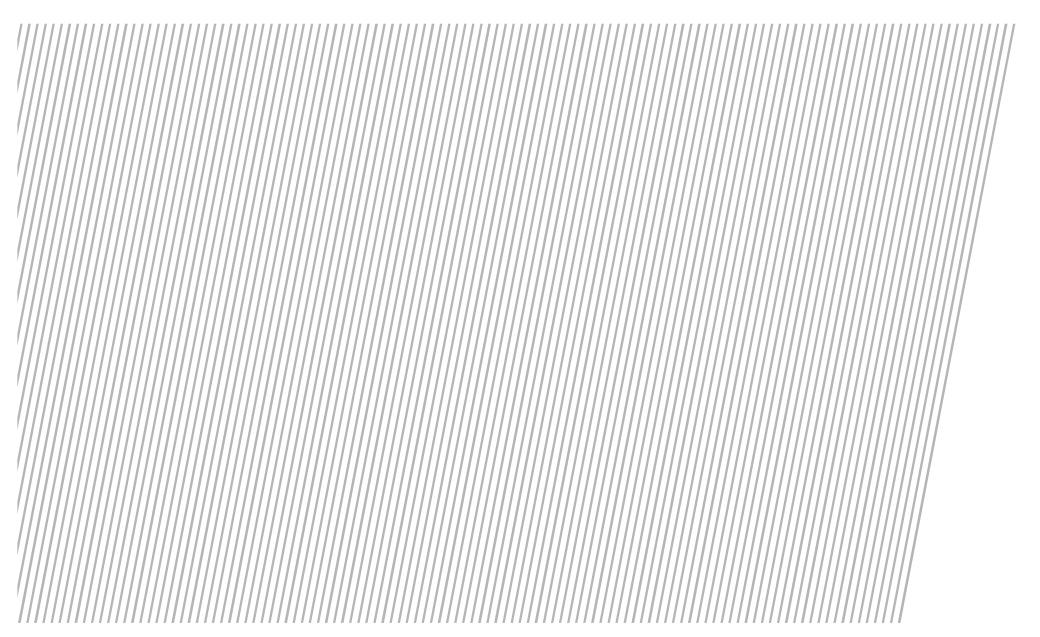
- ▶ In the coming year, the companies intend to streamline structures in procurement in particular (70%).
- More than two thirds of the companies are also looking at personnel development, production and marketing in order to increase efficiency.



Are being implemented

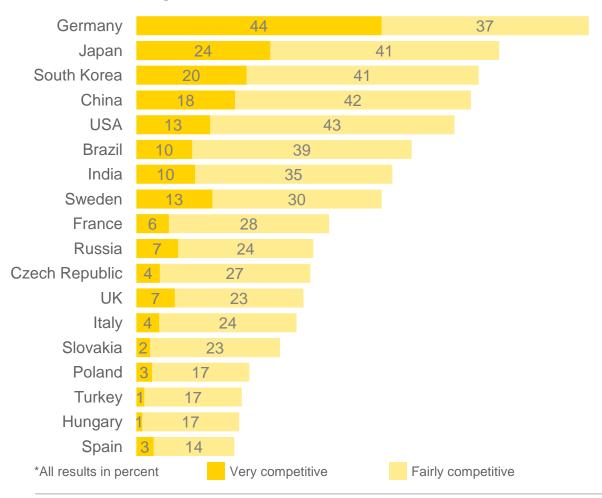
Are planned

### **Attractiveness of automotive sites**



### Top countries: innovation power

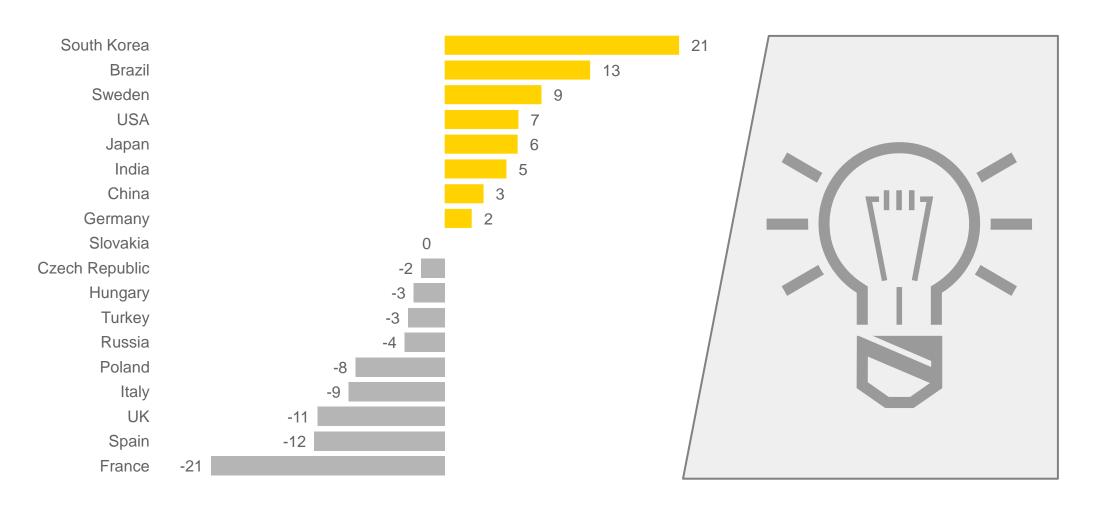
In your opinion, how competitive are the following automotive hubs with respect to innovation power?\*





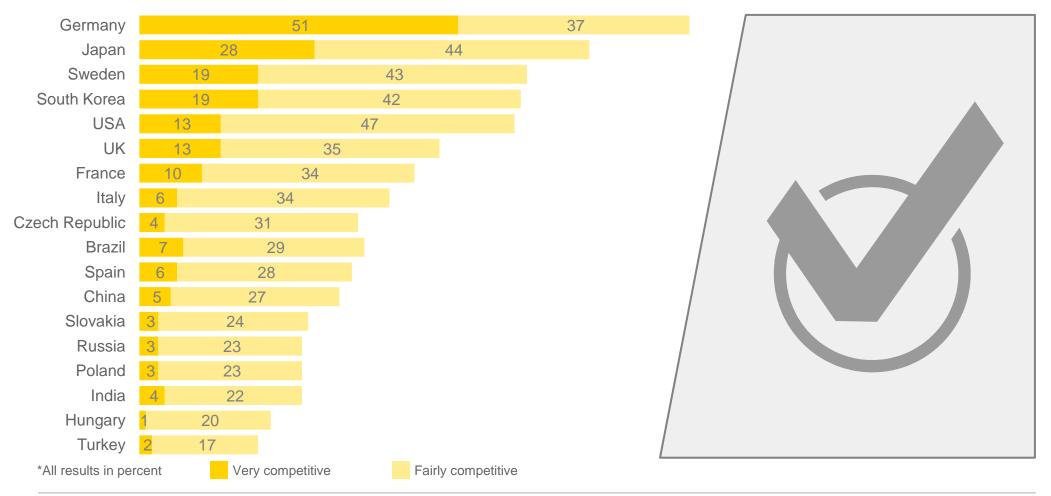
### Top countries: innovation power

#### Difference 2011-2013 in percentage points



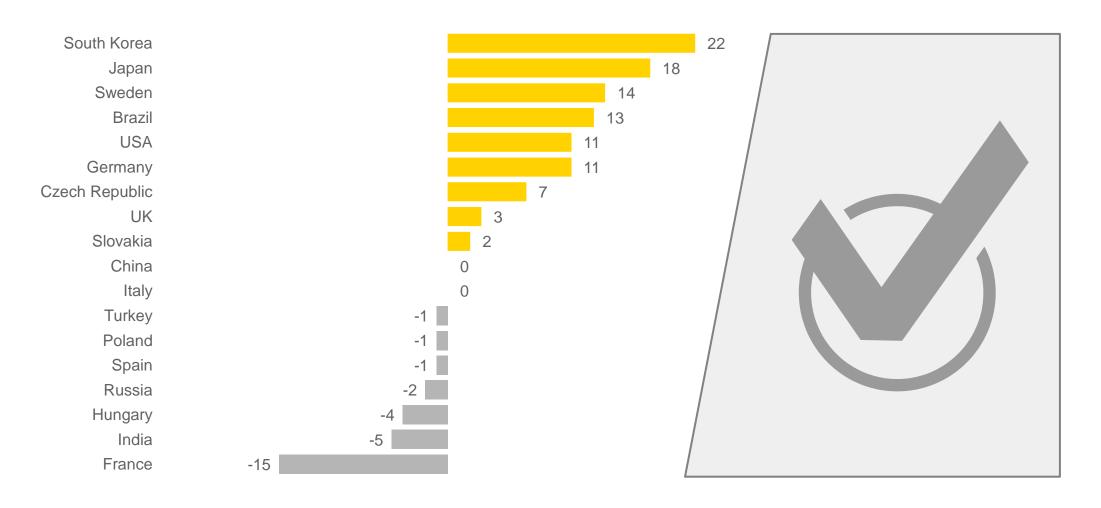
### Top countries: product quality

In your opinion, how competitive are the following automotive hubs with respect to product quality?\*



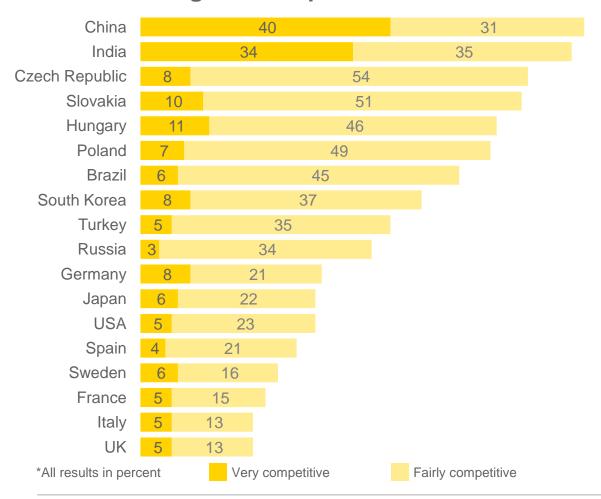
## Top countries: product quality

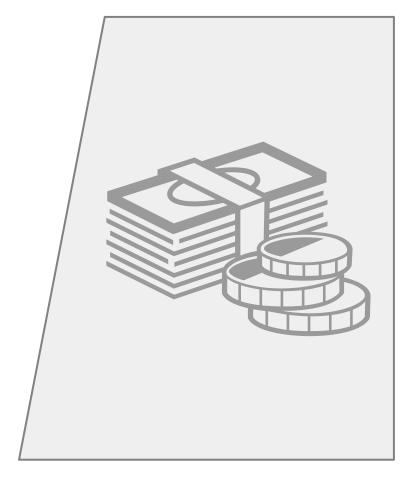
### Difference 2011-2013 in percentage points



### Top countries: manufacturing costs

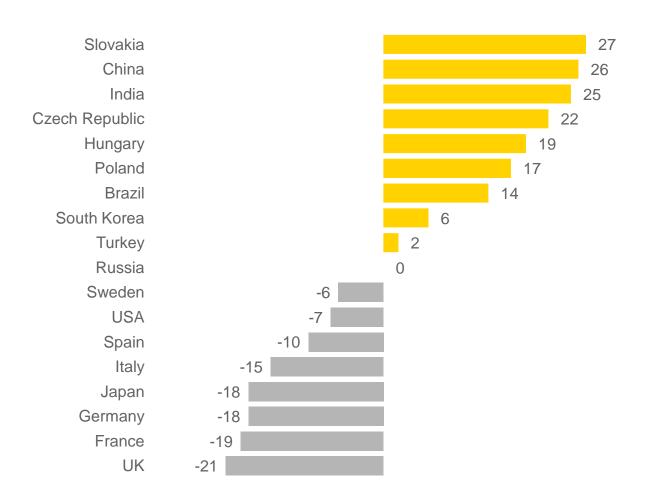
In your opinion, how competitive are the following automotive hubs with respect to manufacturing costs at present?\*

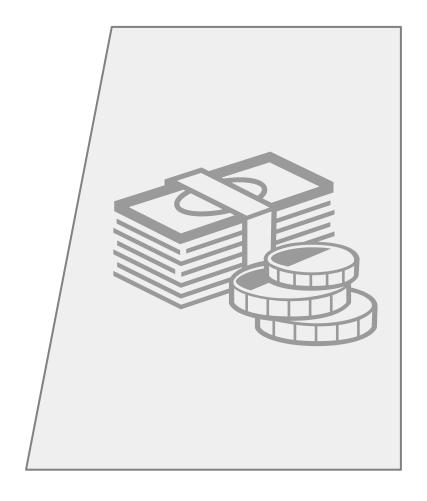




### Top countries: manufacturing costs

### Difference 2011-2013 in percentage points

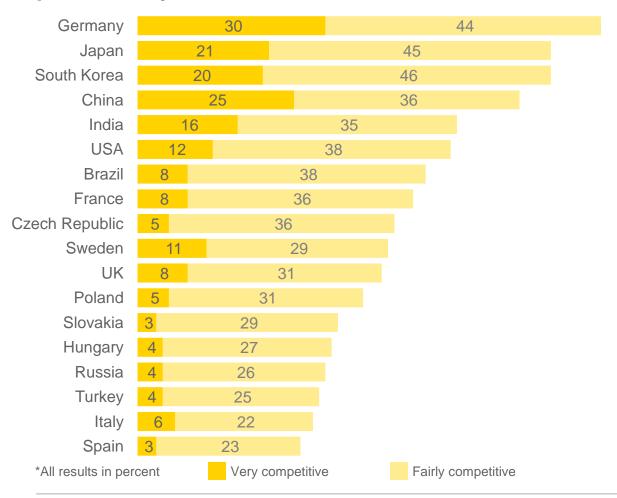


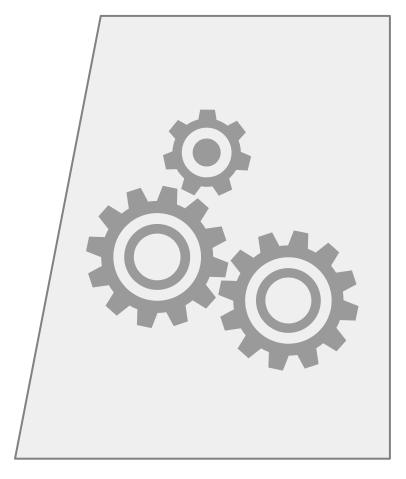




### Top countries: productivity

In your opinion, how competitive are the following automotive hubs with respect to productivity?\*

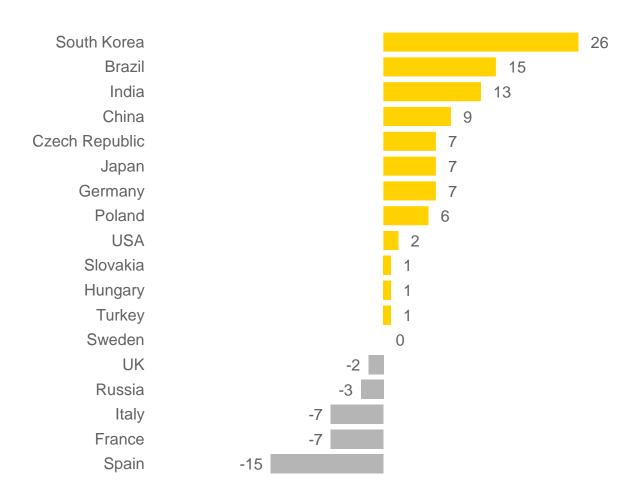


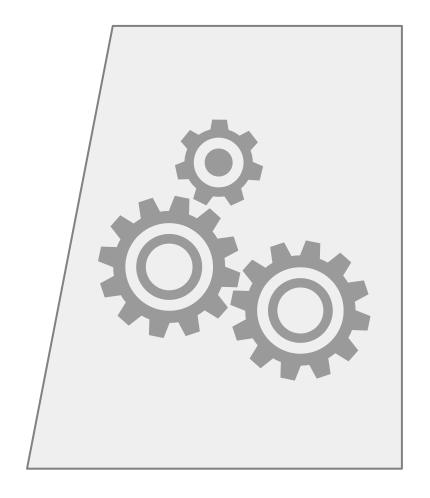




## Top countries: productivity

#### Difference 2011-2013 in percentage points





#### Ernst & Young

#### Assurance | Tax | Transactions | Advisory

#### About the global Ernst & Young organization

The global Ernst & Young organization is a leader in assurance, tax, transaction and advisory services. It makes a difference by helping its people, its clients and its wider communities achieve their potential. Worldwide, 167,000 people are united by shared values and an unwavering commitment to quality.

Ernst & Young refers to the global organization of member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited (EYG).

Each EYG member firm is a separate legal entity and has no liability for another such entity's acts or omissions.

Ernst & Young Global Limited, an English company limited by guarantee, does not provide services to clients.

For more information, please visit www.de.ey.com

In Germany, Ernst & Young comprises some 7,400 people at 22 locations. In this publication, "Ernst & Young" and "we" refer to all German member firms of Ernst & Young Global Limited.

© 2013 Ernst & Young GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft All Rights Reserved.

This publication contains information in summary form and is therefore intended for general guidance only. Although prepared with utmost care this publication is not intended to be a substitute for detailed research or the exercise of professional judgment. Therefore no liability for correctness, completeness and/or currentness will be assumed. It is solely the responsibility of the readers to decide whether and in what form the information made available is relevant for their purposes. Neither Ernst & Young GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft nor any other member of the global Ernst & Young organization can accept any responsibility. On any specific matter, reference should be made to the appropriate advisor.